



August Health Promotion Toolbox

Preventive Health Month

Message for Commanding Officers

Flossing once a day, eating the recommended number of servings from the five food groups, limiting high fat foods, and sleeping for seven or more hours each night can provide a range of health benefits and prevent illness. Regular flossing can decrease one's risk for gum disease and cavities.¹ Eating the recommended number of servings from the five food groups (fruits, vegetables, grains, dairy, and protein) helps Sailors and Marines get the nutrients they need to maintain health and perform at their peak. Sailors and Marines should get seven or more hours of restful sleep each night because lack of sleep can create cognitive dysfunction, motor skill interruption, and increase risk for illness.³

Yet, according to the 2014 Fleet and Marine Corps Health Risk Assessment (HRA) Annual Report, 43 percent of Sailor and 53 percent of Marine respondents do not floss regularly.⁴ In regards to diet, among active duty Sailor respondents, 39 percent indicated they did not eat at least two servings of fruit a day and 36 percent reported they did not eat at least three servings of vegetables a day.⁴ Of the active duty Marine respondents, 44 percent were not eating at least two servings of fruit per day and 68 percent were not eating three or more servings of vegetables a day.⁴ In addition, 39 percent of Sailor and 38 percent of Marine respondents reported frequent consumption of high fat foods.⁴ In regards to sleep, 37 percent of Sailor and 41 percent of Marine respondents reported they did not get enough restful sleep.⁴

Flossing, eating the recommended number of servings from the five food groups, and getting seven hours of sleep or more each day can reap health benefits and potentially prevent ill health. Help your Sailors, Marines, and DoD civilian personnel learn about these preventive health measures they should adopt for optimum health and performance. Access and share the tools and resources by clicking on the blue, underlined, hyperlinked text throughout the document.

What Can Leadership Do?

As a commanding officer, you play an important role in promoting preventive health practices among your Sailors and/or Marines:



- Challenge your command to complete the 21-day [1-5-7 Wellness Objective of the Day \(WOD\) Challenge](#).
- Take the challenge yourself and model these preventive health behaviors for your command. For example, you can pack a sandwich with whole wheat bread, floss your teeth after lunch, and avoid caffeine after 3 p.m.
- Establish a “healthy food policy” for command events by following the [American Cancer Society’s guidance for healthier eating at work](#).
- Support fruit and vegetable intake and flossing by making fruits, vegetables, and floss available at snack bars and shops at your local command.
- Post this [How to Floss](#) poster in snack bars, dining halls, locker rooms, and restrooms at your command.
- Educate your command about talking to their dentist about healthy brushing, flossing, and oral hygiene at their next dental check-up.

You can work with Health Promotion Coordinators to:

- Share these [strategies for shaping healthy habits](#) with your command so they can learn how to incorporate preventive health practices into their daily routine.
- Make sure your command knows the [facts about flossing](#).
- Inform your command about why they should [brush and floss daily](#).
- Naps are important for those constantly on the go. Let your Sailors and Marines know they can [power up with a power nap](#).
- Educate your command on why getting [quality sleep](#) every night is important for overall health.
- Help your command get a better night’s rest by sharing these [sleeping tips](#).
- Some sleep methods are counterintuitive. Have your command try these [counterintuitive sleeping tips](#) as well.
- Some of your Sailors and/or Marines might not sleep well night after night. Help them [break the cycle](#) of poor sleep.
- Educate your wounded, ill, and injured Sailors and/or Marines that [sleep speeds recovery](#).
- Encourage your wounded, ill, or injured Sailors and/or Marines to develop a [sleep schedule](#) to help them get a better night’s rest.
- Your Sailors and Marines can reduce stress and sleep better through deep relaxation. Share the [Relax Relax toolkit](#) so they can get started.
- Share these [tips and strategies for navigating stress](#) with your command.
- Encourage your command to eat a [variety of different colors of fruits and vegetables](#) to get the most out of their food.



- Share [these 10 tips](#) with your command to help them incorporate more fruits and vegetables into their meals.
- Educate your command about fruit and vegetable serving sizes so they meet their daily requirements with this [Size Up Your Servings](#) infographic.
- Help your command say no to high-fat foods with these [tips and tricks for making healthy food taste better](#).
- Supplements do not replace eating a balanced meal from the five food groups. Share this [dietary supplements fact sheet](#) to explain why.

References

¹ Flossing. American Dental Association. <http://www.mouthhealthy.org/en/az-topics/f/flossing>. Accessed May 2015.

² Dietary supplements: What you need to know. National Institutes of Health: Office of Dietary Supplements. http://ods.od.nih.gov/pubs/DS_WhatYouNeedToKnow.pdf. Reviewed June 2011. Accessed May 2015.

³ Sleep and Sleep Disorders. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <http://www.cdc.gov/sleep/index.html>. Updated March 2012. Accessed May 2015.

⁴ Fleet and Marine Corps Health Risk Assessment 2014. Navy Marine Corps Public Health Center EpiData Center Department. <http://www.med.navy.mil/sites/nmcphc/Documents/health-promotion-wellness/general-tools-and-programs/HRA-2014-report-final.pdf>. Prepared May 2015. Accessed May 2015.